

## Задача 1

Решить краевую задачу для уравнения Лапласа в прямоугольнике. (1 балл)

1. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u|_{x=0} = \frac{y-b}{8b}, & u'|_{x=a} = 0; \\ u'|_{y=0} = -\frac{1}{2a} \sin \frac{\pi x}{2a}, & u|_{y=b} = \sin \frac{5\pi x}{2a}. \end{cases}$$
2. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u'|_{x=0} = \frac{y(2b-y)}{4b^3}, & u|_{x=a} = 0; \\ u'|_{y=0} = -\frac{3}{2a} \cos \frac{3\pi x}{2a}, & u'|_{y=b} = \frac{1}{2a} \cos \frac{3\pi x}{2a}. \end{cases}$$
3. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u|_{x=0} = \frac{y-b}{8b}, & u|_{x=a} = 0; \\ u'|_{y=0} = -\frac{2}{a} \sin \frac{2\pi x}{a}, & u|_{y=b} = \sin \frac{\pi x}{a}. \end{cases}$$
4. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u'|_{x=0} = \frac{y-b}{2b}, & u'|_{x=a} = 0; \\ u|_{y=0} = 1, & u|_{y=b} = \cos \frac{\pi x}{a}. \end{cases}$$
5. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u|_{x=0} = \frac{y-b}{2b}, & u'|_{x=a} = 0; \\ u|_{y=0} = -\sin \frac{5\pi x}{2a}, & u|_{y=b} = \sin \frac{\pi x}{2a}. \end{cases}$$
6. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u'|_{x=0} = \frac{y(y-2b)}{64b^2}, & u'|_{x=a} = 0; \\ u|_{y=0} = -\cos \frac{\pi x}{a}, & u'|_{y=b} = \frac{3}{a} \cos \frac{3\pi x}{a}. \end{cases}$$
7. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u|_{x=0} = \frac{y(y-2b)}{32b^2}, & u|_{x=a} = 0; \\ u|_{y=0} = -\sin \frac{2\pi x}{a}, & u'|_{y=b} = \frac{1}{a} \sin \frac{\pi x}{a}. \end{cases}$$
8. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u|_{x=0} = -\cos \frac{5\pi y}{2b}, & u'|_{x=a} = \frac{1}{2b} \cos \frac{\pi y}{2b}; \\ u'|_{y=0} = \frac{x(x-2a)}{64a^3}, & u|_{y=b} = 0. \end{cases}$$
9. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u'|_{x=0} = -\frac{1}{b} \cos \frac{\pi y}{b}, & u|_{x=a} = 1; \\ u'|_{y=0} = \frac{x-a}{16a^2}, & u'|_{y=b} = 0. \end{cases}$$
10. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u|_{x=0} = -\cos \frac{\pi y}{2b}, & u|_{x=a} = \cos \frac{\pi y}{2b}; \\ u'|_{y=0} = \frac{x-a}{2a^2}, & u|_{y=b} = 0. \end{cases}$$
11. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u'|_{x=a} = -\frac{1}{b} \sin \frac{\pi y}{b}, & u'|_{x=a} = \frac{1}{3b} \sin \frac{\pi y}{b}; \\ u|_{y=0} = \frac{x(2a-x)}{4a^2}, & u|_{y=b} = 0. \end{cases}$$
12. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u|_{x=0} = -\sin \frac{\pi y}{b}, & u'|_{x=a} = \frac{2}{b} \sin \frac{2\pi y}{b}; \\ u|_{y=0} = \frac{x(x-2a)}{32a^2}, & u|_{y=b} = 0. \end{cases}$$
13. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u'|_{x=0} = -\frac{1}{2b} \sin \frac{\pi y}{2b}, & u'|_{x=a} = \frac{3}{2b} \sin \frac{3\pi y}{2b}; \\ u|_{y=0} = \frac{x(2a-x)}{4a^2}, & u'|_{y=b} = 0. \end{cases}$$
14. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u|_{x=0} = -\sin \frac{\pi y}{2b}, & u|_{x=a} = \sin \frac{5\pi y}{2b}; \\ u|_{y=0} = \frac{x-a}{2a}, & u'|_{y=b} = 0. \end{cases}$$
15. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u|_{x=0} = 0, & u'|_{x=a} = \frac{b-y}{16y_0^2}; \\ u'|_{y=0} = -\frac{3}{2a} \sin \frac{3\pi x}{2a}, & u|_{y=b} = \sin \frac{\pi x}{2a}. \end{cases}$$
16. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u'|_{x=0} = 0, & u|_{x=a} = \frac{y(y-2b)}{4y_0^2}; \\ u'|_{y=0} = -\frac{1}{2a} \cos \frac{\pi x}{2a}, & u'|_{y=b} = \frac{3}{2a} \cos \frac{3\pi x}{2a}. \end{cases}$$

$$17. \begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u|_{x=0} = 0, & u|_{x=a} = \frac{b-y}{8b}; \\ u'_y|_{y=0} = -\frac{4}{a} \sin \frac{4\pi x}{a}, & u|_{y=b} = \sin \frac{\pi x}{a}. \end{cases}$$

$$18. \begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u'_x|_{x=0} = 0, & u'_x|_{x=a} = \frac{b-y}{2b^2}; \\ u|_{y=0} = -\cos \frac{2\pi x}{a}, & u|_{y=b} = 1. \end{cases}$$

$$19. \begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u|_{x=0} = 0, & u'_x|_{x=a} = \frac{b-y}{2b^2}; \\ u|_{y=0} = \sin \frac{\pi x}{2a}, & u|_{y=b} = \sin \frac{3\pi x}{2a}. \end{cases}$$

$$20. \begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u'_x|_{x=0} = 0, & u'_x|_{x=a} = \frac{y(2b-y)}{64y_0^3}; \\ u|_{y=0} = 1, & u'_y|_{y=b} = \frac{1}{a} \cos \frac{\pi x}{a}. \end{cases}$$

$$21. \begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u|_{x=0} = 0, & u|_{x=a} = \frac{y(2b-y)}{32b^2}; \\ u|_{y=0} = -\sin \frac{2\pi x}{a}, & u'_y|_{y=b} = \frac{2}{a} \sin \frac{2\pi x}{a}. \end{cases}$$

$$22. \begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u|_{x=0} = -\cos \frac{\pi y}{2b}, & u'_x|_{x=a} = \frac{1}{2b} \cos \frac{\pi y}{2b}; \\ u'_y|_{y=0} = 0, & u|_{y=b} = \frac{x(2a-x)}{32a^2}. \end{cases}$$

$$23. \begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u'_x|_{x=0} = -\frac{2}{b} \cos \frac{2\pi y}{b}, & u|_{x=a} = 1; \\ u'_y|_{y=0} = 0, & u'_y|_{y=b} = \frac{a-x}{16a^2}. \end{cases}$$

$$24. \begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u|_{x=0} = -\cos \frac{3\pi y}{2b}, & u|_{x=a} = \cos \frac{\pi y}{2b}; \\ u'_y|_{y=0} = 0, & u|_{y=b} = \frac{a-x}{2a}. \end{cases}$$

$$25. \begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u'_x|_{x=0} = -\frac{3}{b} \sin \frac{3\pi y}{b}, & u'_x|_{x=a} = \frac{1}{b} \sin \frac{\pi y}{b}; \\ u|_{y=0} = 0, & u|_{y=b} = \frac{x(x-2a)}{4a^2}. \end{cases}$$

$$26. \begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u'_x|_{x=0} = \frac{y^2}{b^2}, & u|_{x=a} = 0; \\ u'_y|_{y=0} = \frac{3}{2a} \cos \frac{3\pi x}{2a}, & u'_y|_{y=b} = \frac{1}{2a} \cos \frac{\pi x}{2a}. \end{cases}$$

$$27. \begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u'_x|_{x=0} = \frac{b^2-y^2}{8b^2}, & u|_{x=a} = 0; \\ u'_y|_{y=0} = \frac{2}{a} \sin \frac{\pi x}{a}, & u|_{y=b} = \sin \frac{2\pi x}{a}. \end{cases}$$

$$28. \begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u'_x|_{x=0} = \frac{y(b-y)}{2b^2}, & u'_x|_{x=a} = 0; \\ u|_{y=0} = 1, & u|_{y=b} = \cos \frac{\pi x}{a}. \end{cases}$$

$$29. \begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u'_x|_{x=0} = 1, & u|_{x=a} = \frac{1}{b} \cos \frac{\pi y}{b}; \\ u'_y|_{y=0} = \frac{x^2-a^2}{16a^2}, & u'_y|_{y=b} = 0. \end{cases}$$

$$30. \begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 < x < a, & 0 < y < b; \\ u'_x|_{x=0} = \frac{y(y-b)}{2b^2}, & u'_x|_{x=a} = 0; \\ u|_{y=0} = \cos \frac{2\pi x}{a}, & u|_{y=b} = \cos \frac{\pi x}{a}. \end{cases}$$

## Задача 2

Решить краевую задачу для уравнения Лапласа в круге. (1 балл)

1. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=2} = 2 \cos^3 \varphi - \sin^3 \varphi + \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
2. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 1, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=1} = 3 \cos^3 \varphi + \sin^3 \varphi - \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
3. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 4, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=4} = \cos^3 \varphi + 4 \sin^3 \varphi + \sin^2 \varphi. \end{cases}$$
4. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 3, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=3} = 4 \sin^3 \varphi - \sin^2 \varphi + \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
5. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=2} = 2 \cos^3 \varphi + \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
6. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 1, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=1} = \cos^3 \varphi - \cos^2 \varphi + \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
7. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 3, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=3} = 3 \sin^3 \varphi - \cos^3 \varphi + \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
8. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 4, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=4} = 2 \cos^3 \varphi + 4 \sin^3 \varphi - \sin^2 \varphi. \end{cases}$$
9. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 1, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=1} = -4 \cos^3 \varphi - \sin^3 \varphi + 2 \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
10. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=2} = 4 \cos^3 \varphi - 2 \sin^3 \varphi - 3 \cos \varphi + 2 \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
11. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 3, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=3} = \sin^3 \varphi - \cos^3 \varphi + 3 \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
12. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 6, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=6} = 2 \cos^3 \varphi - 3 \cos^3 \varphi + \cos \varphi. \end{cases}$$
13. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 4, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=4} = 2 \cos^3 \varphi + 2 \sin^3 \varphi + 2 \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
14. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 1, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=1} = -\sin^3 \varphi - 2 \sin^2 \varphi + 3 \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
15. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=2} = 4 \cos^3 \varphi - 2 \sin^3 \varphi + \cos^2 \varphi. \end{cases}$$
16. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 3, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=3} = 2 \cos^3 \varphi - 4 \sin^3 \varphi + \cos \varphi. \end{cases}$$
17. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 4, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=4} = 2 \cos^2 \varphi - \sin^3 \varphi + \cos \varphi. \end{cases}$$
18. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 5, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=5} = 2 \sin^3 \varphi - \sin \varphi + 2 \cos \varphi. \end{cases}$$
19. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=2} = 2 \cos^3 \varphi + 4 \sin^3 \varphi + 2 \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
20. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 1, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=1} = 6 \sin^3 \varphi - \cos^3 \varphi + 4 \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
21. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 3, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=3} = \cos^3 \varphi + \sin^3 \varphi + \sin^2 \varphi. \end{cases}$$
22. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 4, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=4} = 4 \sin^3 \varphi - \sin \varphi - \cos \varphi. \end{cases}$$
23. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 5, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=5} = -\cos^3 \varphi - \sin^3 \varphi + \cos \varphi. \end{cases}$$
24. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=2} = 4 \cos^3 \varphi + 2 \sin^3 \varphi + \sin \varphi - 3 \cos \varphi. \end{cases}$$
25. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 1, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=1} = 2 \cos^3 \varphi - \sin^3 \varphi + 3 \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
26. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 1, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=1} = \sin^3 \varphi + 2 \sin^2 \varphi - 3 \sin \varphi - \cos \varphi. \end{cases}$$
27. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=2} = \cos^3 \varphi + \sin^3 \varphi + 3 \sin^2 \varphi. \end{cases}$$
28. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 5, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=5} = 4 \sin^3 \varphi + \sin^2 \varphi - \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
29. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 3, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=3} = 4 \cos^3 \varphi + 2 \sin^3 \varphi + 2 \cos \varphi. \end{cases}$$
30. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 1, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=1} = 4 \cos^3 \varphi - 4 \sin^3 \varphi + \cos^2 \varphi. \end{cases}$$

## Задача 3

Решить краевую задачу для уравнения Гельмгольца в круге. (1 балл)

1. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=2} = 2 \cos^3 \varphi - 3 \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
2. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 1, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=1} = \cos^3 \varphi + \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
3. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=2} = 3 \cos^3 \varphi - \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
4. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 3, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=3} = \cos^2 \varphi - 3 \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
5. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=2} = \cos^3 \varphi - 2 \sin^3 \varphi. \end{cases}$$
6. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=2} = \sin^3 \varphi + 5 \cos \varphi. \end{cases}$$
7. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 1, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=1} = \cos^2 \varphi - 3 \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
8. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=2} = \cos^3 \varphi + \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
9. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 3, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=3} = \cos^3 \varphi + \sin^2 \varphi - \cos \varphi. \end{cases}$$
10. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 1, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=1} = \sin^3 \varphi + 3 \cos \varphi. \end{cases}$$
11. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 1, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=1} = \cos^2 \varphi - 2 \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
12. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=2} = \cos^2 \varphi + 5 \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
13. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=2} = \cos^3 \varphi - \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
14. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 1, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=1} = \cos^2 \varphi - 6 \sin^3 \varphi. \end{cases}$$
15. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=2} = \cos^3 \varphi - \sin^2 \varphi. \end{cases}$$
16. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 3, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=3} = \cos^2 \varphi - 3 \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
17. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=2} = 2 \cos^3 \varphi - \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
18. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=2} = \cos^2 \varphi + 5 \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
19. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=2} = 3 \cos^3 \varphi + 5 \cos \varphi. \end{cases}$$
20. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=2} = \cos^2 \varphi + 4 \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
21. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 1, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=1} = \cos^3 \varphi + \sin^3 \varphi. \end{cases}$$
22. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=2} = \cos^3 \varphi + 12 \sin^3 \varphi. \end{cases}$$
23. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 3, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=3} = \cos^3 \varphi - \sin^3 \varphi. \end{cases}$$
24. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=2} = \cos^2 \varphi - 3 \sin^2 \varphi. \end{cases}$$
25. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=2} = \cos^2 \varphi + 5 \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
26. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=2} = \cos^3 \varphi - 2 \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
27. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 1, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=1} = \cos^2 \varphi + 2 \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
28. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 3, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=3} = \sin^2 \varphi - 3 \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
29. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=2} = \cos^3 \varphi + 2 \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
30. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 4, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=4} = \sin^2 \varphi + 6 \sin^3 \varphi. \end{cases}$$

## Задача 4

Решить краевую задачу для уравнения Лапласа в шаре. (1 балл)

1. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 1, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=1} = 3 \cos^2 \vartheta + \sin \vartheta \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
2. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 3, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=3} = 6 \sin 2\vartheta \cos \varphi. \end{cases}$$
3. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 2, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=2} = 2 \sin^3 \vartheta \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
4. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 4, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=4} = 2 \cos \vartheta + \sin^2 \vartheta \cos 2\varphi. \end{cases}$$
5. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 3, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=3} = \cos \vartheta + \sin 2\vartheta \cos \varphi. \end{cases}$$
6. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 1, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=1} = \sin^2 \vartheta (1 + 3 \sin 2\varphi). \end{cases}$$
7. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 3, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=3} = \sin 2\vartheta \sin \varphi + \cos 2\vartheta. \end{cases}$$
8. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 1, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=1} = 4 \sin 2\vartheta \cos \varphi. \end{cases}$$
9. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 1, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=1} = \cos^2 \vartheta + 3 \sin^2 \vartheta \cos 2\varphi. \end{cases}$$
10. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 1, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=1} = 4 \sin^3 \vartheta \cos \varphi. \end{cases}$$
11. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 3, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=3} = \sin^2 \vartheta (1 + \cos \vartheta \sin 2\varphi). \end{cases}$$
12. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 4, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=4} = 2 \cos^3 \vartheta + 3 \sin^2 \vartheta \sin 2\varphi. \end{cases}$$
13. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 3, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=3} = 2 \cos \vartheta + 3 \sin 2\vartheta \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
14. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 2, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=2} = 3 \cos^2 \vartheta + \sin \vartheta \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
15. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 2, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=2} = 2 \cos \vartheta + 3 \sin^2 \vartheta \sin 2\varphi. \end{cases}$$
16. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 2, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=2} = 2 \sin^3 \vartheta \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
17. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 3, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=3} = \sin^2 \vartheta (\cos \vartheta + \cos 2\varphi). \end{cases}$$
18. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 4, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=4} = \sin 2\vartheta \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
19. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 2, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=2} = 2 \cos \vartheta \sin^2 \vartheta \sin 2\varphi. \end{cases}$$
20. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 4, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=4} = \sin^2 \vartheta (1 + \sin 2\varphi). \end{cases}$$
21. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 4, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=4} = 2 \cos \vartheta + \sin^2 \vartheta \cos 2\varphi. \end{cases}$$
22. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 4, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=4} = \sin^3 \vartheta \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
23. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 1, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=1} = \cos^3 \vartheta + \sin 2\vartheta \cos \varphi. \end{cases}$$
24. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 2, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=2} = \sin^2 \vartheta (2 \cos \vartheta + 3 \sin 2\varphi). \end{cases}$$
25. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 2, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=2} = \sin \vartheta (\sin \vartheta + \cos \varphi). \end{cases}$$
26. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 1, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=1} = 1 + \sin 2\vartheta \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
27. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 4, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=4} = \sin^2 \vartheta (3 + \cos 2\varphi). \end{cases}$$
28. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 2, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=2} = 4 \sin^3 \vartheta \cos \varphi. \end{cases}$$
29. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 3, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=3} = \cos^2 \vartheta + \sin^2 \vartheta \cos 2\varphi. \end{cases}$$
30. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0, & r < 4, & 0 \leq \vartheta \leq \pi, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=4} = 2 \cos^3 \vartheta + \sin^2 \vartheta \sin 2\varphi. \end{cases}$$

## Задача 5

Решить краевую задачу для уравнения Гельмгольца в шаре. (1 балл)

1. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + 4u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 1, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=1} = 3 \cos^2 \vartheta + \sin \vartheta \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
2. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 3, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=3} = 6 \sin 2\vartheta \cos \varphi. \end{cases}$$
3. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + 9u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=2} = 2 \sin^3 \vartheta \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
4. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 4, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=4} = 2 \cos \vartheta + \sin^2 \vartheta \cos 2\varphi. \end{cases}$$
5. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + 9u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 3, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=3} = \cos \vartheta + \sin 2\vartheta \cos \varphi. \end{cases}$$
6. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + 4u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 1, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=1} = \sin^2 \vartheta (1 + 3 \sin 2\varphi). \end{cases}$$
7. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 3, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=3} = \sin 2\vartheta \sin \varphi + \cos 2\vartheta. \end{cases}$$
8. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + 4u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 1, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=1} = 4 \sin 2\vartheta \cos \varphi. \end{cases}$$
9. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + 9u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 1, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=1} = \cos^2 \vartheta + 3 \sin^2 \vartheta \cos 2\varphi. \end{cases}$$
10. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 1, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=1} = 4 \sin^3 \vartheta \cos \varphi. \end{cases}$$
11. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + 4u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 3, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=3} = \sin^2 \vartheta (1 + \cos \vartheta \sin 2\varphi). \end{cases}$$
12. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + 9u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 4, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=4} = 2 \cos^3 \vartheta + 3 \sin^2 \vartheta \sin 2\varphi. \end{cases}$$
13. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 3, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=3} = 2 \cos \vartheta + 3 \sin 2\vartheta \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
14. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + 4u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=2} = 3 \cos^2 \vartheta + \sin \vartheta \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
15. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + 9u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=2} = 2 \cos \vartheta + 3 \sin^2 \vartheta \sin 2\varphi. \end{cases}$$
16. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=2} = 2 \sin^3 \vartheta \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
17. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + 4u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 3, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=3} = \sin^2 \vartheta (\cos \vartheta + \cos 2\varphi). \end{cases}$$
18. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + 9u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 4, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=4} = \sin 2\vartheta \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
19. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=2} = 2 \cos \vartheta \sin^2 \vartheta \sin 2\varphi. \end{cases}$$
20. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + 4u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 4, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=4} = \sin^2 \vartheta (1 + \sin 2\varphi). \end{cases}$$
21. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + 9u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 4, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=4} = 2 \cos \vartheta + \sin^2 \vartheta \cos 2\varphi. \end{cases}$$
22. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 4, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=4} = \sin^3 \vartheta \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
23. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + 4u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 1, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=1} = \cos^3 \vartheta + \sin 2\vartheta \cos \varphi. \end{cases}$$
24. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + 9u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=2} = \sin^2 \vartheta (2 \cos \vartheta + 3 \sin 2\varphi). \end{cases}$$
25. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=2} = \sin \vartheta (\sin \vartheta + \cos \varphi). \end{cases}$$
26. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + 4u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 1, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=1} = 1 + \sin 2\vartheta \sin \varphi. \end{cases}$$
27. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + 9u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 4, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=4} = \sin^2 \vartheta (3 + \cos 2\varphi). \end{cases}$$
28. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 2, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=2} = 4 \sin^3 \vartheta \cos \varphi. \end{cases}$$
29. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + 4u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 3, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u|_{r=3} = \cos^2 \vartheta + \sin^2 \vartheta \cos 2\varphi. \end{cases}$$
30. 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta u + 9u = 0, & 0 \leq r < 4, & 0 \leq \varphi < 2\pi; \\ u'_r|_{r=4} = 2 \cos^3 \vartheta + \sin^2 \vartheta \sin 2\varphi. \end{cases}$$

## Задача 6

Найти функцию Грина заданной краевой задачи для уравнения Пуассона  $\Delta u = f$  в области  $\Omega = \{(r, \varphi): r > 0, \alpha < \varphi < \beta\}$  с граничными условиями соответствующего типа. С помощью полученной функции Грина записать в интегральном виде решение рассматриваемой задачи.

Вар.	$\alpha$	$\beta$	Типы гран. усл.		$f$
			$\varphi = \alpha$	$\varphi = \beta$	
1	$\pi$	$3\pi/2$	II	I	$\frac{1}{r^4+3}$
2	$3\pi/4$	$5\pi/4$	I	I	$\frac{1}{r^2+1}$
3	$-3\pi/4$	$-\pi/4$	II	II	$e^{-r^2+2}$
4	$-\pi/4$	$\pi/4$	II	I	$\frac{1}{r^2+5}$
5	$\pi/2$	$\pi$	I	II	$re^{-r^2}$
6	$\pi$	$3\pi/2$	I	I	$\frac{1}{r^4+3}$
7	$-\pi/2$	0	II	II	$\frac{3}{r^2+1}$
8	$-\pi$	$-\pi/2$	II	I	$e^{-r^2} \sin r$
9	$\pi/4$	$3\pi/4$	I	I	$e^{-r^2} \cos r$
10	$3\pi/4$	$5\pi/4$	II	II	$\frac{1}{r^2+1}$
11	$-3\pi/4$	$-\pi/4$	I	II	$e^{-r^2+2}$
12	$-\pi/4$	$\pi/4$	II	I	$\frac{\sin r}{r^2+1}$
13	$\pi/2$	$\pi$	I	I	$r^2 e^{-r^2}$
14	$\pi$	$3\pi/2$	II	II	$\frac{1}{r^4+3}$
15	$-\pi/2$	0	II	I	$\frac{1}{r^2+1}$
16	$-\pi$	$-\pi/2$	I	II	$(r^2+1)e^{-r^2}$
17	$\pi/4$	$3\pi/4$	I	I	$(r^3+r)e^{-r^2}$
18	$3\pi/4$	$5\pi/4$	II	II	$\frac{1}{r^2+1} e^{-r^2}$
19	$-3\pi/4$	$-\pi/4$	I	II	$(r^2-2)e^{-r^2+2}$
20	$-\pi/4$	$\pi/4$	II	I	$\frac{\sin r}{r^2+1}$
21	$\pi/2$	$\pi$	I	I	$2re^{-r^2}$
22	$\pi$	$3\pi/2$	II	II	$\frac{r^3 e^{-r^4}}{r^4+3}$
23	$-\pi/2$	0	I	II	$\frac{3}{r^2+1}$
24	$-\pi$	$-\pi/2$	II	I	$re^{-r^2}$
25	$\pi/4$	$3\pi/4$	I	II	$e^{-r^2} \sin r$
26	$3\pi/4$	$5\pi/4$	I	I	$\frac{1}{r^2+1}$
27	$-3\pi/4$	$-\pi/4$	II	II	$e^{-r^2+2}$
28	$-\pi/4$	$\pi/4$	II	I	$\frac{1}{r^2+5}$
29	$\pi/2$	$\pi$	I	II	$e^{-r^2}$
30	$\pi/4$	$3\pi/4$	I	II	$e^{-r^2}$